## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-13 (canceled)

Claim 14 (previously presented) A quinazoline compound of formula

$$R_a$$
 $N$ 
 $A - B - C - D - E$ 
 $N$ 
 $R_C$ 

wherein

 $R_a$  denotes a hydrogen atom or a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl group,

 $R_b$  denotes a phenyl, benzyl or 1-phenylethyl group wherein the phenyl nucleus is substituted in each case by the groups  $R_1$  to  $R_3$ , whilst

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which may be identical or different, in each case denote a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atom,

a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy,  $C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkoxy,  $C_{2-5}$ -alkenyl or  $C_{2-5}$ -alkynyl group,

an aryl, aryloxy, arylmethyl or arylmethoxy group,

a  $C_{3-5}$ -alkenyloxy or  $C_{3-5}$ -alkynyloxy group, whilst the unsaturated moiety may not be linked to the oxygen atom,

a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfenyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyloxy, trifluoromethylsulfenyl, trifluoromethylsulfinyl or trifluoromethylsulfonyl group,

a methyl or methoxy group substituted by 1 to 3 fluorine atoms,

an ethyl or ethoxy group substituted by 1 to 5 fluorine atoms,

a cyano or nitro group or an amino group optionally substituted by one or two  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl groups, wherein the substituents may be identical or different, or

 $R_1$  together with  $R_2$ , if they are bound to adjacent carbon atoms, denote a - CH=CH-CH=CH group and

R<sub>3</sub> denotes a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom,

a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, trifluoromethyl or  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy group,

X denotes a nitrogen atom,

A denotes an imino group optionally substituted by a C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl group,

B denotes a carbonyl group,

C denotes a -CH=C=CH-, >C=CH<sub>2</sub> or -CH=CH- group which may be substituted in each case by one or two methyl groups or by a trifluoromethyl group,

an -C≡C- group or

a -CH=CH-CH=CH- group optionally substituted by 1 to 4 methyl groups or by a trifluoromethyl group,

D denotes an alkylene group wherein the alkylene moiety contains 1 to 8 carbon atoms and additionally 1 to 4 hydrogen atoms in the alkylene moiety may be replaced by fluorine atoms,

E denotes an amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the alkyl moieties may be identical or different,

a  $C_{2-4}$ -alkylamino group wherein the alkyl moiety is substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , whilst

 $R_5$  denotes a hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino or di-( $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group,

an N-( $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-N-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moiety is substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , whilst  $R_5$  is as hereinbefore defined,

a di-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the two  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moieties are substituted in each case in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , whilst the substituents may be identical or different and  $R_5$  is as hereinbefore defined,

a  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkylamino or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-3}$ -alkylamino group wherein in each case the nitrogen atom may be substituted by a further  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl group,

 $R_c$  denotes a  $C_{4-7}$ -cycloalkoxy or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ -alkoxy group wherein the cycloalkyl moiety in each case may be substituted by a  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino, hydroxy- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl, amino- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl, or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl group, whilst the

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abovementioned monosubstituted cycloalkyl moieties may additionally be substituted by a  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl group,

whilst

by the aryl moieties mentioned in the definition of the abovementioned groups is meant a phenyl group which in each case may be monosubstituted by  $R_7$ , mono-, di- or trisubstituted by  $R_8$  or monosubstituted by  $R_7$  and additionally mono- or disubstituted by  $R_8$ , wherein the substituents may be identical or different and

 $R_7$  denotes a cyano, carboxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylaminocarbonyl, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-aminocarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfenyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyloxy, trifluoromethyloxy, nitro, amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl-carbonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl- $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl- $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino, or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)- $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino, aminosulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylaminosulfonyl or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-aminosulfonyl group, and

 $R_8$  denotes a fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atom, a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, trifluoromethyl or  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy group or

two groups  $R_8$ , if they are bound to adjacent carbon atoms, together denote a  $C_{3-5}$ -alkylene or 1,3-butadien-1,4-ylene group,

or the tautomers, or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 15 (previously presented) The quinazoline of formula I according to claim 14, wherein

Ra denotes a hydrogen atom,

 $R_b$  denotes a phenyl, benzyl or 1-phenylethyl group wherein the phenyl nucleus is substituted in each case by the groups  $R_1$  to  $R_3$ , whilst

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which may be identical or different, in each case denote a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atom,

a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy,  $C_{3-6}$ -cycloalkyl,  $C_{4-6}$ -cycloalkoxy,  $C_{2-5}$ -alkenyl or  $C_{2-5}$ -alkynyl group,

an aryl, aryloxy, arylmethyl or arylmethoxy group,

a methyl or methoxy group substituted by 1 to 3 fluorine atoms,

a cyano or nitro group and

R<sub>3</sub> denotes a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom,

a C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl, trifluoromethyl or C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy group,

X denotes a nitrogen atom,

A denotes an imino group,

B denotes a carbonyl group,

C denotes a -CH=C=CH-, >C=CH<sub>2</sub> or -CH=CH- group,

an -C≡C- or -CH=CH-CH=CH- group,

D denotes an alkylene group wherein the alkylene moiety in each case contains 1 to 4 carbon atoms and additionally 1 to 4 hydrogen atoms in the alkylene moiety may be replaced by fluorine atoms,

E denotes a di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the alkyl moieties may be identical or different,

an N-( $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-N-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moiety is substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , where

R<sub>5</sub> denotes a hydroxy, C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkoxy or di-(C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl)-amino group,

a di-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the two  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moieties in each case are substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , wherein the substituents may be identical or different and  $R_5$  is as hereinbefore defined,

a  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkylamino or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-3}$ -alkylamino group wherein in each case the nitrogen atom is substituted by a further  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl group,

 $R_c$  denotes a  $C_{4-7}$ -cycloalkoxy or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-6}$ -alkoxy group wherein the cycloalkyl moiety in each case may be substituted by a  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino, hydroxy- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl, or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino- $C_{1-2}$ -alkyl group, whilst the abovementioned monosubstituted cycloalkyl moieties may additionally be substituted by a  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl group, whilst

by the aryl moieties mentioned in the definition of the abovementioned groups is meant a phenyl group which may in each case be monosubstituted by  $R_7$ , mono-, di- or trisubstituted by  $R_8$  or monosubstituted by  $R_7$  and additionally mono- or disubstituted by  $R_8$ , wherein the substituents may be identical or different and

 $R_7$  denotes a cyano, carboxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylaminocarbonyl, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-aminocarbonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfenyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyl, hydroxy,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonyloxy, trifluoromethyloxy, nitro, amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylamino, di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl-carbonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)- $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl-carbonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino, or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)- $C_{1-4}$ -alkylsulfonylamino, aminosulfonyl,  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylaminosulfonyl or di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-aminosulfonyl group, and

 $R_8$  denotes a fluorine, chlorine, bromine or iodine atom, a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl, trifluoromethyl or  $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy group or

two groups R<sub>8</sub>, if they are bound to adjacent carbon atoms, together denote a C<sub>3-</sub><sub>5</sub>-alkylene or 1,3-butadien-1,4-ylene group,

or the tautomers, or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 16 (previously presented) The quinazoline of formula I according to claim 14, wherein

R<sub>a</sub> denotes a hydrogen atom,

 $R_b$  denotes a phenyl, benzyl or 1-phenylethyl group wherein the phenyl nucleus is substituted in each case by the groups  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , where

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which may be identical or different, in each case denote a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom,

a methyl, trifluoromethyl or methoxy group,

X denotes a nitrogen atom,

A denotes an imino group,

B denotes a carbonyl group,

C denotes a-CH=CH- group,

an -C≡C- or -CH=CH-CH=CH- group,

D denotes a  $C_{1-4}$ -alkylene group,

E denotes a di- $(C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the alkyl moieties may be identical or different,

an N-( $C_{1-4}$ -alkyl)-N-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moiety is substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , whilst

R<sub>5</sub> denotes a hydroxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkoxy or di-(C<sub>1-3</sub>-alkyl)-amino group,

a di-( $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl)-amino group wherein the two  $C_{2-4}$ -alkyl moieties in each case are substituted in  $\beta$ -,  $\gamma$ -, or  $\delta$ -position with regard to the nitrogen atom of the amino group by the group  $R_5$ , wherein the substituents may be identical or different and  $R_5$  is as hereinbefore defined,

a  $C_{3-5}$ -cycloalkylamino or  $C_{3-5}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-3}$ -alkylamino group wherein in each case the nitrogen atom is substituted by a further  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl group,

 $R_c$  denotes a  $C_{4-7}$ -cycloalkoxy or  $C_{3-7}$ -cycloalkyl- $C_{1-4}$ -alkoxy group wherein the cycloalkyl moiety in each case may be substituted by a  $C_{1-3}$ -alkyl or  $C_{1-3}$ -alkoxy group, or the tautomers, or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 17 (previously presented) The quinazoline of formula I according to claim 14, wherein

R<sub>a</sub> denotes a hydrogen atom,

R<sub>b</sub> denotes a phenyl, benzyl or 1-phenylethyl group, whilst the phenyl nucleus is substituted in each case by the radicals R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>, whilst

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which may be identical or different, each denotes a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom,

X denotes a nitrogen atom,

A denotes an imino group,

B denotes a carbonyl group,

C denotes a -CH=CH-, -C≡C- or-CH=CH-CH=CH- group,

D denotes an  $C_{1-3}$ -alkylene group,

E denotes a di-(C<sub>1-4</sub>-alkyl)-amino group, wherein the alkyl moieties may be identical or different,

a methylamino or ethylamino group each substituted at the nitrogen atom by a 2-methoxy-ethyl, 1-methoxy-2-propyl, 2-methoxypropyl, 3-methoxypropyl, cyclopropyl or cyclopropylmethyl group,

a bis-(2-methoxyethyl)amino group,

R<sub>c</sub> denotes a cyclopropylmethoxy, cyclobutylmethoxy, cyclopentylmethoxy or cyclohexylmethoxy group,

a cyclobutyloxy, cyclopentyloxy or cyclohexyloxy group, or the tautomers, or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 18 (previously presented) The quinazoline of formula I according to claim 14, wherein

R<sub>a</sub> denotes a hydrogen atom,

 $R_b$  denotes a 1-phenylethyl group or a phenyl group wherein the phenyl nucleus is substituted by the radicals  $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , whilst

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$ , which may be identical or different, each denote a hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine or bromine atom,

X denotes a nitrogen atom,

A denotes an imino group,

B denotes a carbonyl group,

C denotes a -CH=CH-, -C=C- or -CH=CH-CH=CH- group,

D denotes a methylene group,

E denotes a dimethylamino, diethylamino, Bis(2-methoxyethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-(2-methoxyethyl)amino, N-ethyl-N-(2-methoxyethyl)amino, N-methyl-N-cyclopropylamino,

*N*-methyl-*N*-cyclopropylmethyl-amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-(1-methoxy-2-propyl)amino, *N*-methyl-*N*-(2-methoxypropyl)amino or *N*-methyl-*N*-(3-methoxypropyl)amino group,

R<sub>c</sub> denotes a cyclopropylmethoxy, cyclobutyloxy or cyclopentyloxy group,

or the tautomers, or stereoisomers or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 19 (previously presented) The following compound of general formula I according to claim 14:

4-[(3-Chloro-4-fluorophenyl)amino]-6-{[4-(*N*,*N*-diethylamino)-1-oxo-2-buten-1-yl]amino}-7-cyclopropylmethoxyquinazoline

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 20 (previously presented) The physiologically acceptable salt of a compound according to one of claims 14 to 19 with an inorganic or organic acid or base.

Claim 21 (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 20, together with an inert carrier and with or without a diluent.

Claim 22 (previously presented) A method for treating a disease comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 21, wherein said disease is selected from the group consisting of: malignant tumors, diseases of the airways and lungs and diseases of the gastrointestinal tract and the bile duct and gall bladder.